



2020 NFHS Soccer Exam Part II

1. If visible arm sleeves and/or leg sleeves are worn:
 - A. They can be of any color as long as the team is wearing the same color and any length as long as an individual has the same length on each arm.
 - B. They can be of any length and any color, and must not conflict with the other team.
 - C. They must be a similar length, all alike in a solid color matching the predominant color of the respective garment.
 - D. Cannot be worn at all.

2. An official arrives at the field and is told by the head referee that he/she will be using headsets for communications during the match. No action concerning the use of electronic communication equipment by referees has been taken by the respective state association. The official should:
 - A. Refuse to use such equipment as it is illegal.
 - B. Use the equipment as directed but report the head referee to the state association for using illegal communication equipment.
 - C. Use the equipment as it has not been prohibited by the state association.
 - D. Only use the equipment if both coaches agree.

3. Indirect free kicks for offside are taken from:
 - A. The spot where the offside player was when the assistant referee raised the flag.
 - B. The spot where the ball was when the referee stopped play.
 - C. The point of the infraction.
 - D. The spot where the ball was passed.

4. A team with fewer than 11 players, but at least 7 players, may have an additional player enter the game:
 - A. At the next substitution opportunity for the late arriving player.
 - B. At the next dead ball.
 - C. During the run of play.
 - D. Only at the beginning of the next half.

5. A22 receives his first caution and is required to leave the field.
 - A. Only Team A may substitute for A22.
 - B. Only Team A may substitute an unlimited number provided they report to the scorer's table or nearest official and are beckoned on.
 - C. Either team may substitute an unlimited number provided they report to the scorer's table or nearest official and are beckoned on.
 - D. Only Team B may substitute.

6. Goalkeepers can wear any color socks they choose.
- A. The socks of the goalkeeper shall differ in color from the opposing field players.
 - B. The socks of the goalkeeper must be the same as his/her teammates.
 - C. The goalkeeper can wear the same color socks as his/her opponents.
 - D. The goalkeeper can wear two different colors of socks.
7. Team A's head coach has confirmed that all of her players are legally and properly equipped. However, before the game begins, the referee notices that A4 has shinguards that appear to be too small. The referee should:
- A. Accept the coach's confirmation as correct.
 - B. Ask A4 to show him the NOCSAE seal and height range on her shinguards.
 - C. Without seeing the NOCSAE seal and height range, tell A4 that she cannot play with those shinguards.
 - D. Require A4 to change shinguards and caution A4's head coach.
8. Team B's head coach was cautioned earlier in the game after the referee discovered B5 was wearing an earring while playing in the game. Twenty-seven minutes later, the referee discovers that B1 is not wearing shinguards.
- A. The Team B head coach should receive a second caution for an illegally equipped player. The Team B coach is disqualified for receiving a second caution.
 - B. B1 is cautioned for being illegally equipped. She is required to leave the field and, as the goalkeeper, must be replaced by either a substitute or a field player.
 - C. Both B1 and the Team B head coach should be cautioned.
 - D. Since Team B has already been cautioned for an illegally equipped player, the referee may ignore the absence of shinguards on B1.
9. The home team is wearing apparel under the shorts and shirt that is visible.
- A. It is legal if the team members who chose to wear an undergarment are wearing the same color.
 - B. The color of the visible apparel does not matter.
 - C. It is legal as long as it doesn't conflict with the color of the visiting team.
 - D. It needs to be reported to the state association.
10. The player's shinguard:
- A. Must have the NOCSAE seal and height range permanently marked on the shinguard.
 - B. Shall not be modified from its original manufactured state.
 - C. Shall be worn in the manner the manufacturer intended it to be worn.
 - D. All of the above.
11. A24 has been penalized for offside. A24 was standing at the penalty mark when the ball was kicked to him by a teammate. The second-last defender was standing at the top of the penalty area when the ball was kicked to A24.
- A. Team B restarts with a direct free kick from the penalty mark.
 - B. Team B restarts with an indirect free kick from the penalty mark.
 - C. Team B restarts with a direct free kick from the top of the penalty area.
 - D. Team B restarts with an indirect free kick from the top of the penalty area.

12. Player A2 is in an offside position when player A3 takes a shot on goal which the goalkeeper attempts to save and rebounds from the goalkeeper to A2. A2 shoots and scores. Ruling:
- A. Disallow the goal and award an indirect free kick to Team B.
 - B. Allow the goal.
 - C. Disallow the goal and award a goal kick to Team B.
 - D. Disallow the goal and award a penalty kick to Team A.
13. A9 scores a goal to make the score 1-0 with 1:30 left in the game. He runs toward the portion of the spectators dominated by his school's supporters, removes his shirt and waves it above his head.
- A. A9 is guilty of an excessive act that focuses attention on himself. The referee should caution A9.
 - B. A9 is guilty of an excessive act that focuses attention on himself. The referee should disqualify A9.
 - C. A9 is guilty of taunting. The referee should disqualify A9.
 - D. A9 is not guilty of an offense. Play should restart with a Team B kickoff.
14. B9 takes a throw-in, which his goalkeeper, B1, traps with his feet. B1 then dribbles the ball into the penalty area and picks it up with his hands in order to punt the ball. The officials should:
- A. Award a penalty kick to Team A for handling by B1.
 - B. At the next stoppage of play issue a caution to B1.
 - C. Award an indirect free kick to Team A.
 - D. Allow play to continue as there is no violation.
15. Defender B7 handles the ball inside the penalty area, deflecting it to A3, who scores. What is the correct procedure:
- A. The referee should disallow the goal, caution B7 and award a penalty kick to Team A.
 - B. The referee should allow the goal, disqualify B7 and restart with a kickoff for Team B.
 - C. The referee should not allow the goal, disqualify B7 and award a penalty kick to Team A.
 - D. The referee should allow the goal, caution B7 and restart with a kickoff for Team B.
16. During halftime, the referee notices that the visiting team's head coach is showing his players a video of action from the first half on his tablet. What action should be taken?
- A. Dismiss the coach.
 - B. Take no action.
 - C. Report the incident to the proper authorities.
 - D. Caution the coach.
17. During the game, the referee hears the home team's head coach using a bull horn to instruct her players on the far side of the field.
- A. Caution the coach.
 - B. Dismiss the coach.
 - C. Take no action.
 - D. Report the incident to the proper authorities.

18. Goalkeeper A1, having just saved a shot on goal, is standing in his own penalty area, holding the ball in the palm of his hand. B9 runs from behind A1 and heads the ball out of A1's hand. B9 then kicks the ball into the goal.

- A. B9 is guilty of an illegal charge. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick.
- B. B9 is guilty of an illegal charge. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick and caution B9 for unsporting behavior.
- C. B9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick.
- D. B9 is not guilty of any offense. The referee should award the goal to Team B.

19. Goalkeeper B1 deflects a hard shot. B1 bends over and picks up the ball before it is touched by an opposing player in the penalty area. The referee should award an indirect kick to Team A, which is:

- A. The correct call.
- B. Not the correct call as the referee should allow play to continue.
- C. Not the correct call as a penalty kick should be awarded.
- D. Not the correct call as a drop ball should be awarded.

20. Player B4 is disqualified for receiving a second caution. The referee should:

- A. Allow B12 to substitute for B4 as soon as B4 leaves the field.
- B. Display a red and yellow card simultaneously.
- C. Show only a red card and not a yellow card.
- D. Show a yellow card followed by a red card and notify both coaches of the nature of the misconduct.

21. The goalkeeper, A1, makes a save, catching the ball with his/her hands. The goalkeeper then runs toward the top of the penalty area, dropping the ball in order to punt it while still within the penalty area. The goalkeeper's momentum, however, causes his/her kicking foot to land outside the penalty area after the ball has been kicked.

- A. A1 has violated the restrictions on goalkeepers in 12-7. The referee should award an indirect free kick to Team B.
- B. A1 has violated the restriction on the number of steps a goalkeeper may take while holding the ball. The referee should award Team B an indirect free kick.
- C. A1 has deliberately handled the ball. The referee should award a direct free kick to Team B.
- D. A1 has released the ball before leaving the penalty area. There is no violation.

22. The head coach of Team A reaches onto the field to knock down a mid-air pass to B8, who is unmarked but still 45 yards away from the goal.

- A. The coach should be cautioned for unsporting conduct, and game restarted with a direct free kick.
- B. The coach should be dismissed for failing to conduct himself in a responsible manner.
- C. The coach's behavior is outside interference and the referee should restart play with a drop ball.
- D. There is no offense and play should continue.

23. The referee has awarded Team B a penalty kick. As B4 runs toward the ball to take the kick, A5 enters the penalty area before B4 kicks the ball. The referee should:

- A. Blow the whistle as soon as A enters the penalty area.
- B. Allow the play to continue and award a goal if the kick by B4 enters the goal.
- C. Allow the play to continue and award a goal kick if the kick by B4 goes untouched over the goal.
- D. Allow the play to continue and award a corner kick if the kick by B4 is played by the goalkeeper who pushes the ball over the goal line outside of the goal.

24. If during the taking of a penalty kick, A7 uses several stutter steps but does not interrupt his/her movement to the ball and scores, the correct ruling and restart is:

- A. Allow the goal and restart with a kickoff by Team B.
- B. Award an indirect free kick to Team B from the penalty mark.
- C. Disallow the goal and retake the penalty kick for Team A.
- D. Award a goal kick to Team B.

25. If on a penalty kick there is a deflection over the goal line by the goalkeeper and no violation by either team, the restart is a:

- A. Retake.
- B. Indirect free kick.
- C. Corner kick.
- D. Goal Kick.

26. During the taking of a penalty kick, A3 uses a feint to one direction but does not interrupt the approach to the ball. The ball enters the goal. The referee should:

- A. Allow the goal and restart with kickoff by the defending team.
- B. Disallow the goal and retake the kick.
- C. Disallow the goal and restart with an indirect kick by Team B.
- D. Disallow the goal, caution A7 for unsporting play and restart with an indirect kick by Team B.

27. Team B's goalkeeper is apparently injured. The referee has stopped play and summoned the Team B trainer onto the field of play. Team B has no available substitutes.

- A. Team B can play without a goalkeeper until the injured player returns.
- B. Team B goalkeeper must leave the field.
- C. A substitute goalkeeper must be identified.
- D. B and C.

28. During the pregame warm-up, the referee observes A4 wearing a tight-fitting, bucket-style cloth hat.

- A. This is permitted for a medical/cosmetic reason with state association approval.
- B. Hat color must match the predominant color of the jersey.
- C. This is permitted if a physician's statement by a licensed medical physician is available on site.
- D. This is not permitted.

29. Prior to the game, the referee is informed that player B4 must maintain a covered head for religious reasons. State association approval for the exception has been obtained.

- A. B4 is wearing a baseball cap.
- B. B4 is wearing a leather doo rag.
- C. B4 is wearing a fitted skull cap beanie.
- D. B4 is wearing a bandanna covering the head which is knotted in back.

30. The visiting team arrives for a contest wearing light gray jerseys and socks.
- A. This is illegal and the visiting team must change prior to play.
 - B. This is legal.
 - C. The visiting team must change to an all-white jersey and socks if possible. If it is not possible to correct the problem, the game shall be played and the state association notified.
 - D. This is illegal and the head coach should be cautioned and the game shall be played.
31. Visiting Team B is wearing white jerseys and socks. B1 is wearing a black long-sleeve undershirt, B2 is wearing black tights, and B3 is wearing a black arm sleeve.
- A. B3 is wearing illegal equipment as arm sleeves are not allowed.
 - B. This is legal.
 - C. Illegal. Visible apparel does not match the predominant color of the uniform.
 - D. Illegal as visible undergarments are not all alike.
32. During an attack by Team A, A4 is laying injured on the ground in an offside position. A3 scores an apparent goal while A4 is in the offside position.
- A. Disallow the goal and penalize A4 for being offside.
 - B. Disallow the goal and award a goal kick to Team B.
 - C. Allow the goal, but caution A4 for an unsporting act.
 - D. Allow the goal as A4 was not involved in active play.
33. A4 is in an offside position when teammate A6 passes the ball to A4. A4 runs from the offside position into his/her own half of the field and receives the ball in his/her defensive half.
- A. Allow play to continue as A4 is in his/her own half of the field.
 - B. A4 is penalized for offside. Award an indirect kick to B at the spot of the infraction.
 - C. A4 is penalized for offside. Award an indirect kick to B at the spot where A6 made the pass.
 - D. Allow play to continue as A4 was not involved in active play when the pass was made.
34. A2, in the penalty area, is advancing the ball toward the opponent's goal with an obvious goal-scoring opportunity. B3, who is attempting to play the ball, fouls A2, who does not score a goal.
- A. Award Team A a penalty kick and disqualify B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - B. Award Team A a penalty kick.
 - C. Award Team A a penalty kick and caution B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - D. Award Team A a corner kick.
35. A2 is advancing the ball toward the opponent's goal with an obvious goal-scoring opportunity. B3, who is attempting to play the ball, fouls A2, who is outside the penalty area and does not score a goal.
- A. Award Team A a penalty kick and disqualify B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - B. Award Team A a penalty kick and caution B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - C. Award Team A a direct kick and caution B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.
 - D. Award Team A a direct kick and disqualify B3 for denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity.

36. During active play, Team B's coach enters the playing field to argue a call with the official, but does not interfere with active play.
- A. Award Team A a direct kick from the point of the infraction.
 - B. Award Team A an indirect kick from the point of the infraction.
 - C. Resume play with a drop ball.
 - D. Award Team A an indirect kick from where the ball was when the referee stopped play.
37. During active play, Substitute/Bench Player B12 mistakenly thinks the ball has gone out of bounds and kicks the ball toward a teammate who is in play.
- A. Award Team A a direct kick from the point where B12 kicked the ball and caution B12.
 - B. Award Team A an indirect kick from the point where B12 kicked the ball.
 - C. Resume play with a drop ball at the point where B12 kicked the ball.
 - D. Allow play to continue with no stoppage.
38. If bench personnel are cautioned or disqualified:
- A. Substitutions may be made from the bench.
 - B. Substitutions from the bench of the non-offending team may enter the game.
 - C. Substitutions from either bench may enter the game.
 - D. Substitutions from either team who have checked-in prior to the caution/disqualification may enter the game.
39. In the last five minutes of a game, Team A is in the lead and requests a substitution.
- A. Make Team A play short.
 - B. Allow the substitution and the clock is not stopped.
 - C. Stop the clock for the substitution.
 - D. Caution the coach for unsporting behavior.
40. Team A is awarded a corner kick and wants to substitute.
- A. The substitution may be allowed to enter the game directly from the bench without having to report to the scorer's table.
 - B. The substitute is allowed only if they had reported to the table prior to the stoppage.
 - C. No substitutions are allowed on a corner kick.
 - D. Allow only if both teams are subbing.
41. The visiting coach does not have a roster with her at the game site.
- A. The game may not begin until the coach provides a roster.
 - B. The game may begin if the coach promises to provide a roster by the end of the game.
 - C. The game may begin if the coach promises to provide a roster by halftime.
 - D. The game may begin but the referee should remind the coach that a roster is required for future games.

42. B17 is wearing a cast that is completely covered and padded with closed-cell, slow-recovery foam padding no less than ½-inch thick. The referee should:
- A. Verify B17 has a doctor's permission slip before allowing B17 to play.
 - B. Allow B17 to play as this is permitted by rule.
 - C. Request a certified athletic trainer or physician inspect and approve the cast and padding prior to B17 being allowed to play.
 - D. Not permit B17 to play.
43. Goalkeepers are required to:
- A. Have a 6-inch number on the back and front of their jersey.
 - B. Have a 6-inch number on the back and a 4-inch number on the front of their jersey, pants or shorts.
 - C. Have a 6-inch number on the back and no number on the front of their jersey.
 - D. Have no numbers on their jersey.
44. Player A from the visiting team enters the game wearing two different colored socks.
- A. This is permitted.
 - B. Both socks must be the same color.
 - C. This is permitted if the whole team is wearing two different colored socks.
 - D. This is permitted as long as the socks contrast with the home team's white socks.
45. The first time in a game that a player from Team B is found to be wearing illegal equipment, the coach of Team B is to be cautioned.
- A. Caution the head coach.
 - B. The player is to be cautioned.
 - C. Take no action, but write up the player in the game report.
 - D. Allow the player to start, stop play and caution the player for wearing illegal equipment.
46. While waiting for a corner kick to be taken by Team B, with Team A ahead, 2-1, in the second half, goalkeeper A1 pushes B7 to the ground from behind. B7 gets up and punches A1 in the face. Both teams then engage in a general brawl. After the fighting has ceased, the referee feels that because of the fight, further disorder will result and because of this, terminates the game.
- A. If both teams have seven eligible players after the referee has disqualified the appropriate players, the game must be restarted.
 - B. The referee has authority to terminate the game and declare Team B the winner since the Team A player began the fight.
 - C. The referee has authority to terminate the game. The 2-1 score for Team A stands as the official score since more than half the game was played.
 - D. The referee has authority to terminate the game but does not have authority to declare either team the winner.
47. Team A has a kickoff in the first half of play. Player A1 kicks the ball backward to Player A2. The official should:
- A. Order the kick to be retaken.
 - B. Award a direct free kick to Team B.
 - C. Require Team A to retake the kickoff.
 - D. Allow play to continue.

48. B3 is moving toward the goal with an opportunity to score. Goalkeeper A1 comes out of the penalty area and handles the ball in an attempt to prevent the goal; however, a goal is scored. What action should the referee take?
- A. Red Card A1 for serious foul play and award the goal.
 - B. Red Card A1 for serious foul play and award a direct free kick to Team B at the spot of the foul.
 - C. Yellow Card A1 for unsporting behavior and award a direct free kick to Team B at the spot of the foul.
 - D. Caution A1 for unsporting behavior and award the goal.
49. B9 attempts to head the ball, bending at the waist to a 90-degree angle in order to do so. A7, who is also standing there, attempts to volley the ball as it comes down. A7's attempt to kick the ball strikes B9 in the head. B9 is knocked unconscious and an ambulance must be summoned to remove him from the field.
- A. A7 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should award Team B an indirect free kick.
 - B. A7 is guilty of kicking an opponent. The referee should award Team B a direct free kick. The referee may also caution or disqualify A7.
 - C. B9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick.
 - D. Both players were simply attempting to play the ball and no offense has been committed by either of them.
50. B9 runs towards the ball, which is rolling on the ground near the right goal post. A3 faces B9, with the ball behind her, and extends her arms wide to prevent B9 from running past her to get the ball. A3 does not make physical contact with B9. The ball rolls over the goal line for a goal kick.
- A. A3 is guilty of pushing. The referee should award a penalty kick to Team B.
 - B. A3 is guilty of pushing. The referee should award a penalty kick to Team B and disqualify A3 for serious foul play.
 - C. A3 is guilty of obstruction. The referee should award an indirect free kick to Team B.
 - D. There is no offense, and a goal kick should be awarded.
51. The referee awards a direct free kick to Team B, 25 yards from the Team A goal. The goalkeeper, A1, who is the Team A captain, runs to the referee, who is at the spot of the foul, to argue that the foul should obviously be against the Team B player. The referee should:
- A. allow A1 to speak to him, then ask him to return to his position.
 - B. caution A1 for dissent.
 - C. caution A4 for dissent as the captain has special privileges.
 - D. allow play to continue.
52. Which of the following is considered unsporting conduct and will result in a caution?
- A. Taunting.
 - B. Spitting at an opponent.
 - C. Illegally equipped.
 - D. Leaving the team area to participate in a fight.
53. During the taking of a penalty kick, A3 uses a feint to one direction and comes to a complete stop and then kicks the ball into the goal. The referee should:
- A. Allow the goal and restart with kickoff by team.
 - B. Disallow the goal and retake the kick.
 - C. Disallow the goal and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.
 - D. Disallow the goal, caution A7 for unsporting play and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.

54. Team A has been awarded an indirect free kick 22 yards from the Team B goal. Four Team A players are standing near the ball. A8 taps the top of the ball with his foot and the ball does not move. A5 then kicks the ball, which enters the Team B goal without being touched by any other player.

- A. Award a goal.
- B. Have Team A retake the kick.
- C. Award a goal kick to the defending team.
- D. Caution Player A8 for unsporting behavior.

55. During inspection of the game balls supplied by the home team, the referees note that the balls do not have the NFHS Authenticating Mark.

- A. This is not permitted and the game may not begin until the referees obtain balls from the home or visiting team that have the NFHS Authenticating Mark.
- B. This is not permitted. If neither team has three similar quality game balls with the NFHS Authenticating Mark, the game may begin with balls chosen by the referee from those available.
- C. This is not permitted. If no balls with the NFHS Authenticating Mark are available, the game may begin if the home team can provide balls with the NCAA or FIFA logo on them.
- D. This is permitted.

56. After a goal is scored:

- A. The referee will stop the clock, point to the center of the field, move to the kickoff position and record the goal scorer.
- B. The referee will notify the coaches of the goal scorer.
- C. The referee is not required to stop the clock.
- D. The referee will point to the center of the field.

57. In the 68th minute, with the score 2-1 for Team A, a confrontation between A5 and B11 escalates into a mass brawl. The referee and coaches eventually end the fight. In the opinion of the referee, A5 started the fight.

- A. The referee may terminate the game and declare Team B the winner.
- B. The referee may terminate the game and declare Team A the winner.
- C. The referee may terminate the game and declare the game "no contest."
- D. The referee may terminate the game and shall report all conditions regarding the incident to the proper authorities in writing.
- E. The referee may not terminate the game and should restart with a direct free kick for Team B.

58. The game officials are observed using flags with buzzer/beeper capabilities during a match. The use of these flags is:

- A. Prohibited.
- B. Permitted in all cases.
- C. Allowed unless the state association has expressly prohibited such equipment.
- D. Allowed only if both coaches agree.

59. The jurisdiction of the officials shall begin:

- A. No later than 15 minutes prior to the start of the game.
- B. On arrival at the field of play and its immediate surroundings.
- C. As soon as the game starts.
- D. As soon as the referee enters the field of play.

60. Goalkeeper A1 is waiting for a high ball to come down in his vicinity. As it reaches him and seeing B9 approaching, he jumps up for the ball with both hands extended. B9 comes running into the area and jumps up for the ball, attempting to head it into the goal. A1 and B9 collide, causing both to fall to the ground.

- A. A1 is guilty of obstruction. The referee should award Team B an indirect free kick.
- B. B9 is guilty of an illegal charge. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick.
- C. B9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should award Team A an indirect free kick.
- D. Neither A1 nor B9 is guilty of any offense. The referee should allow play to continue, unless one or both players are injured.

61. During active play, Team B's coach enters the playing field to argue a call with the official and interferes with active play.

- A. Award Team A a direct kick from the point of the infraction.
- B. Award Team A an indirect kick from the point of the infraction.
- C. Resume play with a drop ball.
- D. Award Team A an indirect kick from where the ball was when the referee stopped play.

62. While A10 is dribbling towards goal, a substitute in the bench area, B17, throws a water bottle at A5, striking him in the head. The referee stops play, determines that A5 is able to continue to play and disqualifies B17.

- A. The game must be restarted with a direct free kick by Team A from the spot where A5 was struck.
- B. The game must be restarted with an indirect free kick by Team A from the spot where A5 was struck.
- C. The game must be restarted with a direct free kick by Team A from the location of the ball at the time A5 was struck.
- D. The game must be restarted with an indirect free kick by Team A from the location of the ball at the time A5 was struck.

63. The referee awards a throw-in to Team A. A 14 takes the throw, but the ball hits the ground outside the touchline before entering the field. The referee should:

- A. Allow play to continue, ball is in play.
- B. Allow Team A to retake the throw.
- C. Allow the throw-in to Team B from the same location.
- D. Administer a drop ball at the spot where the ball touched the ground.

64. On a throw-in, the ball is in play:

- A. When it leaves the hands of the thrower.
- B. When it touches the playing surface.
- C. When it leaves the hands of the thrower and breaks the plane of the touchline.
- D. When it touches a second player.

65. Before a tie-breaker penalty-kick procedure conducted under the NFHS Sample Tie-Breaking Procedure, Team B had only 10 players on the field at the end of overtime due to a red card given in the second overtime to B5. Team A had 11 players on the field at the end of overtime.

- A. Team B may have only the 10 players on the field at the end of overtime participate in the penalty-kick procedure. Team A must select one of its players to not participate in the penalty-kick procedure. ("reduce to equate.")
- B. Team B may have only the 10 players on the field at the end of overtime participate in the penalty-kick procedure. Team A does not have to "reduce to equate" under the NFHS procedure.
- C. Team B can select any five players from its roster to take the first five kicks of the penalty-kick procedure. Team A can also select any five players from its roster.
- D. Team B can select any five players from its roster, other than B5, to take its first five kicks of the penalty kick procedure. Team A can select any five players from its roster.

66. A tooth and mouth protector is allowed but not mandatory. It is recommended that the protector be:
- A. Properly fitted.
 - B. Constructed from a model made of the individual's teeth.
 - C. A readily visible color.
 - D. All of the above.
67. During their inspection of the field, the referees note that the portable goals are not secured, anchored or counterweighted. The home team's head coach says that this is the first time all year that this has been considered a problem. What should be the referee's response?
- A. The goals must be secured, anchored or counterweighted before the game may begin.
 - B. The game may begin without the goals being secured, anchored or counterweighted, but the referees must report this to the appropriate authority.
 - C. The game may begin without the goals being secured, anchored or counterweighted but the referees should report this to the home team's head coach and ask that the goals be properly secured for subsequent games.
 - D. Since previous referees have allowed games to be played at this site without the goals being secured, anchored or counterweighted, the referees should take no further action.
68. The home team has painted the goals in its school colors: green and gold. What should the referee do?
- A. Declare the game a forfeit and award the win to the visiting team.
 - B. Inform the home coach that colored goals are illegal and must be corrected by the next game, then notify the state association.
 - C. Ask the visiting coach if he or she wishes to play the game as scheduled.
 - D. Nothing, just play the game.
69. The home team's game balls match the color of its uniforms. The coach of the visiting team claims the ball is not visible against the home team's uniforms and wants the uniforms changed.
- A. The referee must honor the request.
 - B. Use balls from the visiting team.
 - C. Have the home team change its uniforms.
 - D. Ask the home team for regulation balls of another color.
70. A dark jersey is defined as:
- A. Black.
 - B. Any color other than white.
 - C. Any color that contrasts with white.
 - D. Any color that incorporates black.
71. After Team A scores a goal, the assistant referee hears the Team A head coach calling one of his players, A15, off the field. The assistant referee counts the Team A players now on the field and realizes that Team A had 12 players on the field when the goal was scored. The assistant referee notifies the referee of this. The referee should:
- A. Allow the goal, caution A15 and restart with a kickoff by Team B.
 - B. Allow the goal and restart with a kickoff by Team B, with no caution to A15.
 - C. Disallow the goal, caution A15 and restart with a kickoff by Team B.
 - D. Disallow the goal, caution A15 and restart with a goal kick taken by Team B.

72. An unlimited number of players may be substituted from the bench in each of the following situations except:
- A. When a goal is scored.
 - B. At the start of the second period.
 - C. When a player is injured and removed from the field.
 - D. When a player is cautioned.
73. All permissible artificial limbs must be:
- A. Covered by a cast.
 - B. Covered by a sleeve.
 - C. Padded with a minimum of 1/2-inch-thick, closed-cell, slow-recovery foam padding.
 - D. Covered with a minimum of 1/2-inch-thick soft material.
74. Which statement does not allow an official to caution or disqualify a player?
- A. During the pregame introduction of players because the game has not started.
 - B. During an injury stoppage.
 - C. When the clock has stopped following a scored goal.
 - D. After the game has ended and the official has left the jurisdiction of the field of play and its immediate surroundings.
75. The referees are wearing yellow jerseys. The home team is wearing yellow jerseys. The referee shall:
- A. Change to a jersey of a color distinct from the field players.
 - B. Require the away team to change to a different color jersey.
 - C. Begin the contest as this is permitted by rule.
 - D. Consult with the head coaches of each team to see if they have an objection.
76. The game officials are observed using headset communication equipment to speak with each other during a match. The use of this equipment is:
- A. Prohibited.
 - B. Permitted in all cases.
 - C. Allowed unless the state association has prohibited such equipment.
 - D. Allowed only if both coaches agree.
77. Since there is no visible clock available at the game site, the referee shall:
- A. Not begin the contest until a visible clock is made available.
 - B. Keep the official time on his or her watch and shall stop and start the watch at the times specified in Rule 6-2-3a.
 - C. Keep the official time on his or her watch and add time to the end of each period as needed.
 - D. Have the home team's coach keep the official time on the bench.
78. A player is cautioned and the referee orders the clock to be stopped:
- A. The official timer restarts the clock when the cautioned player leaves the field.
 - B. Time is restarted when the ball is put into play.
 - C. Time is restarted when the referee blows the whistle.
 - D. As soon as the substitute enters the field, time is restarted.

79. The game is only 20 minutes old when Team A coach removes her players from the field because of a dispute with the referee. The coach refuses to continue the game despite the referee's instructions to do so.

- A. The referee shall suspend the game.
- B. The referee shall terminate the game.
- C. The referee shall re-schedule the game.
- D. The referee shall remove the coach and continue to play.

80. During the course of play near the touchline, the official notes that Player A is running outside the field of play and is playing the ball, which is inside the field of play.

- A. The referee shall award an indirect kick for the violation.
- B. The ball continues to be in play.
- C. The referee shall stop play and give the ball back to Team A for a throw-in.
- D. The referee shall award a throw-in to Team B.

81. A pass by A2 to A3 strikes the referee who is standing in the penalty area. The ball remains on the field of play and is controlled by B2. What is the appropriate restart?

- A. Indirect free kick.
- B. Throw-in.
- C. Drop ball to the team that last touched the ball prior to hitting the referee.
- D. Drop ball to the defending goalkeeper.

82. The referee inadvertently sounds the whistle.

- A. Realizing the error, the referee verbally directs "play on" to the players to continue play.
- B. The referee stops play and awards a dropped ball to a player of the team last in possession, or to the defending team's goalkeeper if the ball was in the penalty area, when play was stopped.
- C. The referee stops play and awards an indirect kick to the team in possession.
- D. The referee should do nothing and allow play to continue.

83. Which statement results in a goal?

- A. During a goal kick, Goalkeeper A1 takes the kick and the ball deflects off a player from Team B who was inside the penalty area before the ball moved and the ball deflects into the goal.
- B. Goalkeeper A1 catches a shot on goal by Team B. In preparing to throw the ball to a teammate, Goalkeeper A slips and drops the ball which lands on the goal line between the goalposts before picking the ball up again.
- C. During a goal kick, Goalkeeper A1 takes the kick and the ball deflects off a player from his/her own team who was inside the penalty area and the ball deflects into the goal.
- D. Goalkeeper A1 slips when taking a goal kick and mis-hits the ball which lands entirely across the goal line and between the goalposts.

84. Player A of the attacking team is clearly in an offside position when her teammate delivers the ball to her with a throw-in. She collects the ball and kicks it into the goal. The referee should:

- A. Award an indirect free kick to Team B.
- B. Award a goal to Team A.
- C. Award a goal kick to Team B.
- D. Award a re-take to Team A.

85. A player shall be disqualified (red card) for:

- A. Disproportionate and unnecessary force against an opponent while playing the ball.
- B. Deliberately handling the ball (other than the goalkeeper) attempting to prevent a goal and the goal is not scored.
- C. Committing a foul, attempting to deny an obvious goal-scoring opportunity, and the goal is not scored.
- D. All of the above.

86. A12 has been cautioned by the referee for unsporting behavior. While A12 is still on the field and before substitute A9 is beckoned onto the field by the referee, A12 directs insulting language to the referee.

- A. A12 should receive a second caution and be disqualified for receiving a second caution. A12 can be replaced by A9.
- B. A12 should be disqualified for insulting language. A12 cannot be replaced by A9.
- C. A12 has already been cautioned and cannot be shown a second card in this situation.
- D. A12's actions are all part of the cautioning process and the referee should ignore his language.

87. A7 and A9 have both fallen to the ground next to each other in the vicinity of the ball. While still on the ground, A9 attempts to kick the ball to A13.

- A. A9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should award team B an indirect free kick.
- B. A9 is guilty of dangerous play. The referee should apply advantage and allow play to continue.
- C. A9 is guilty of kicking. The referee should award team B a direct free kick.
- D. A9 is not guilty of any offense. Play should continue.

88. A7 is on a breakaway, one on one with goalkeeper B1, near the penalty spot. As A7 attempts to run around B1, B6 runs in from behind A7 and tugs A7's jersey, pulling him off balance. As A7 falls, his right foot kicks the ball weakly toward the goal and it crosses into the goal at the far post.

- A. The goal should not be counted, B6 should be shown the red card and disqualified and Team A should be awarded a penalty kick.
- B. The goal should not be counted, B6 should be shown the yellow card and required to leave the field of play and Team A should be awarded a penalty kick.
- C. The goal should count, B6 should be shown the red card and disqualified and the game should be restarted with a kickoff by Team B.
- D. The goal should count, B6 should be shown the yellow card and required to leave the field of play and the game should be restarted with a kickoff by Team B.

89. A7 receives a caution for a reckless tackle. Before leaving the field, or before a substitute has been beckoned in, A7 slams the ball down in protest.

- A. Display a red card to A7.
- B. Display a second yellow and then a red card to A7 and allow a substitute.
- C. Display a second yellow and then a red card to A7 and not allow a substitute.
- D. Have A7 leave the field for the first caution and take no further action.

90. If the referee fails to signal the kick is indirect and the ball goes directly into the opponent's goal, the result shall be:

- A. Retake the indirect free kick.
- B. Award a goal to the kicking team.
- C. A goal kick to the opposing team; goal is not allowed.
- D. Drop ball.

91. B9 is tripped by A6. The referee stops play and awards a free kick to Team B. A6 remains at the spot of the foul, between the ball and the goal defended by Team A, arguing that B9 fell over his leg and that there was no trip.
- A. The referee should caution A6 and require him to leave the field of play.
 - B. The referee should caution A6 for delaying the restart of play and also caution him for dissent. The referee should then disqualify A6 for receiving a second caution.
 - C. The referee should ignore A6 and signal for the restart of play.
 - D. The referee should move to a spot 10 yards closer to the goal defended by Team A and urge A6 to retreat to that position.
92. A9 believes that he has been fouled by B4. The referee allows play to continue. A9 spits at the referee. If the referee stops play immediately, the referee should:
- A. Display a yellow card to A9 and restart play with a direct kick.
 - B. Display a red card to A9 and restart play with an indirect kick.
 - C. Display a red card to A9 and restart play with a direct kick.
 - D. Display yellow card and restart with an indirect kick.
93. If during a penalty kick the kick goes directly over the goal line outside the goal and there is a violation by the attacking team, the restart is:
- A. Goal kick.
 - B. Retake.
 - C. Corner Kick.
 - D. Indirect free kick.
94. Player A2, in taking a penalty kick, approaches the ball and then stops abruptly. The goalkeeper dives to the side. A2 then kicks the ball and scores.
- A. The referee shall award a goal and restart with a kickoff.
 - B. The referee shall rule no goal and order the kick to be retaken.
 - C. The referee shall caution the player for unsporting conduct.
 - D. The referee shall not award a goal and restart the game with a goal kick.
95. The referee has awarded Team B a penalty kick. The goalkeeper, A1, stands with his back to the ball. The referee shall:
- A. Allow play to continue as this is permitted by rule.
 - B. Require the goalkeeper to face the kicker.
 - C. Suspend the contest until the goalkeeper agrees to face the kicker.
 - D. Declare a forfeit.
96. Player A's throw-in lands completely outside the touchline, without having broken the plane of the touchline, and bounds into the field of play.
- A. The referee orders a re-throw by Team A since the ball never was put into play.
 - B. The referee awards a throw-in to Team B.
 - C. The referee allows play to continue.
 - D. The referee issues a team caution for delay of game.

97. B17 is being replaced on a legal substitution opportunity for her team. What should happen next?
- A. B17 is considered to still be a player until her replacement, B12, takes her position on the field.
 - B. B17 is considered to still be a player until her replacement, B12, is beckoned onto the field by the referee.
 - C. B17 is considered to still be a player until her replacement, B12, steps onto the field.
 - D. B17 is considered to still be a player until she has left the field and the game has been restarted.
98. When observing a foul, the assistant referee shall:
- A. Hold the flag vertically until acknowledged by the referee.
 - B. Wave the flag and point the flag in the direction of the free kick.
 - C. Hold the flag vertically until acknowledged by the referee, wave the flag and point the flag in the direction of the free kick.
 - D. Point the flag in the direction of the free kick.
99. The official signal for a goal scored is:
- A. Blowing the whistle.
 - B. Raising both hands above the head.
 - C. Stopping the clock.
 - D. Stopping the clock and pointing to the center of the field.
100. The goal to be used for penalty kicks as a part of an overtime procedure is determined by:
- A. Random selection.
 - B. Home Team.
 - C. Head Referee.
 - D. Visiting team.